Coast Guard, DHS § 154.532

§154.524 Piping joints: Welded and screwed couplings.

Pipe lengths without flanges must be joined by one of the following:

- (a) A butt welded joint with complete penetration at the weld root except that for design temperatures colder than -10 °C (14 °F) the butt weld must be double welded or must be welded using:
- (1) A backing ring that for design pressures greater than 979 kPa gauge (142 psig) must be removed after the weld is completed;
 - (2) A consumable insert; or
- (3) An inert gas back-up on the first weld pass.
- (b) A slip-on welded joint with sleeves and attachment welds is allowed for an open ended pipe with an external diameter of 50 mm (2 in.) or less and a design temperature of -55 °C (-67 °F), or warmer.
- (c) A socket weld fitting with attachment welds is allowed for pipe with an external diameter of 50 mm (2 in.) or less and a design temperature of $-55\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $(-67\ ^{\circ}\text{F})$ or warmer.
- (d) Screwed couplings are allowed for instrumentation and control piping that meets §56.30–20 and §56.50–105 (a)(4) and (b)(4) of this chapter.
- (e) A method or fitting specially approved by the Commandant (G-MSO).

[CGD 74-289, 44 FR 26009, May 3, 1979, as amended by CGD 82-063b, 48 FR 4782, Feb. 3, 1983]

§ 154.526 Piping joints: Flange connection.

Flange connections for pipe joints must meet $\S 56.30-10$ and $\S 56.50-105$ (a)(4) and (b)(4) of this chapter.

§154.528 Piping joints: Flange type.

- (a) A flange must be one of the following types:
 - (1) Welding neck.
 - (2) Slip-on.
 - (3) Socket weld.
- (b) If the piping is designed for a temperature between $-10~^{\circ}\text{C}$ (14 $^{\circ}\text{F})$ and $-55~^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-67 $^{\circ}\text{F}),$ the pipe flange may be a:
- (1) Slip-on type, if the nominal pipe size is 100 mm (4 in.) or less;
- (2) Socket weld, if the nominal pipe size is 50 mm (2 in.) or less; or
 - (3) Welding neck.

(c) If the piping is designed for a temperature lower than $-55~^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-67~^{\circ}\text{F}$), the pipe flange must be a welding neck type.

§ 154.530 Valves: Cargo tank MARVS 69 kPa gauge (10 psig) or lower.

- (a) Except those connections for tank safety relief valves and for liquid level gauging devices other than those under §§154.536 and 154.1310, liquid and vapor connections on a cargo tank with a MARVS of 69 kPa gauge (10 psig) or lower must have shut-off valves that—
- (1) Are located as close to the tank as practical;
- (2) Are capable of local manual operation; and
 - (3) May be remotely controlled.
- (b) The cargo piping system for a cargo tank with a MARVS of 69 kPa gauge (10 psig) or lower must have at least one remotely controlled quick-closing shut-off valve for closing liquid and vapor piping between vessel and shore that meets §§ 154.540 and 154.544.

[CGD 74-289, 44 FR 26009, May 3, 1979, as amended by CGD 77-069, 52 FR 31630, Aug. 21, 1987]

§154.532 Valves: Cargo tank MARVS greater than 69 kPa gauge (10 psig).

- (a) Except connections for tank safety relief valves and except for liquid level gauging devices other than those under §§ 154.536 and 154.1310, liquid and vapor connections on a cargo tank with a MARVS greater than 69 kPa gauge (10 psig) must have, as close to the tank as practical, a:
- (1) Stop valve capable of local manual operation; and
- (2) A remotely controlled quick-closing shut-off valve.
- (b) If the nominal pipe size of a liquid or vapor connection is less than 50 mm (2 in.), an excess flow valve may be substituted for the quick-closing valve under paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) One valve may be substituted for the manual controlled stop valve and the remotely controlled quick-closing shut-off valve required under paragraph (a) of this section if that valve:
 - (1) Meets §§ 154.540 and 154.544; and
- (2) Is capable of local manual operation.